# EMR transition and data migration case study

The changing electronic medical records landscape has many clinics in a position where they are considering transitioning to a new EMR. We recently had the opportunity to sit down with a physician leader in a primary care clinic that newly switched EMRs.

The following is the clinic's perspective on the drivers, challenges, opportunities and lessons learned related to their EMR transition.

# Choosing an EMR

# What was the driver for your decision to consider switching EMRs?

- Uncertainty of the future of the current EMR
- Dissatisfaction with current EMR performance and features while recognizing the need for continuity of care and custodial obligations

# What was your overall approach?

- Investigate marketplace for potential options and make a decision to stay with an existing vendor or sign a contract with a new vendor and transition to a new EMR.
- Focused on features such as support, clinical workflow appropriateness, ability to support patient panel, cost, stability of EMR, integration with provincial assets and initiative, data retention responsibilities.

# What were the key considerations for your clinic in narrowing down your EMR selection for demos and discussion?

- Wanted a major more mature vendor in Alberta that is already compliant with CII/CPAR and the Patient's Medical Home.
- Relied on physician (including locum) experience with other EMRs.
- Wanted to make the move by year end.
- Narrowed down to two choices both of which offered big incentives.

# What was the decision process?

• All staff (office manager, LPN, MOAs) and physicians received the demos and provided the opportunity for feedback/input.

# How deep of a dive did you do before making your decision?

- Physicians already understood their panel so looked at how the panel was managed.
- Identified the key processes that needed to work well.
- Clinic was clear on what was important and unique to their clinic.

# Once you made your decision, what were the immediate next steps?

• Signed the contract and negotiated a go-live date based on when data transfer could be done by both vendors.

# Any advice on dealing with an outgoing vendor?

• Be respectful, professional and honour past relationships.

# **EMR** Transition

#### How was the transition support from the new vendor?

- The data migration team was fantastic, but we had to prod them for a list of outstanding issues.
- The EMR transition manager gave the clinic a list of things to do.
- At and after go-live the vendor could have used better tracking of issues the clinic had to do that on its own.

#### What responsibilities were completely your clinic's?

- New BA numbers
- PIA

#### How did you assign tasks?

- We assigned data migration tasks such as checking charts.
- The EMR vendor provided the process but the clinic had to do the work.
- We contracted a resource for the PIA.

#### Do you have any post go-live suggestions?

- We closed the clinic for 1.5 days.
- We suggest a slow opening with no phones on while vendor is still providing go-live support.
- In-person is far superior to online go-live support.

### What were some of the key challenges?

- Referral letters didn't transition cleanly, nor referrals still in process.
- Hard to decipher prescription history and had to re-prescribe most medications.
- Sign over features are a challenge:
  - No way to sign out patient messages to locum or staff.
  - No sign-out feature for task managing no way for a locum to see tasks unless individually redirected.
  - As a result, no one can see these unless they go into the patient's chart directly.

# Data Retention and Migration

#### How did you arrive at the decision to keep a backup of the database?

- The migration of data to the incoming EMR captured 90% of the patient information.
- To meet the CPSA guidelines the clinic also decided to keep an electronic version of the patient files in a secure location for emergencies and in the off chance that a piece of information not converted was needed in the future.
- We knew there would be gaps (e.g., referral letters, prescription history) while realizing that the backup was not likely needed daily on an ongoing basis.
- Cost wasn't an issue. The incoming vendor created the backup for a cost of \$250 in the form of an encrypted data stick this includes scanned attachments.

# Did you identify the gaps in advance?

- The vendor's data analyst assigned to the clinic had a list of things that he was aware of - some knowledge but not complete knowledge
- It took the test conversion before the gaps were identified, and there are a few gaps that weren't identified until much later, like spouse's name and family relationships.

# Did you have to prepare the data in your current EMR in any way?

• Not beyond just cleaning up where they could – organically when patients came in.

# How many test cases did you have?

- Test conversion was the full database and three people were heavily involved, performing a thorough review.
  - Several patient charts were reviewed completely.
  - Specific charts were identified in advance for additional review (e.g., prenatal, WCB).
- The problems were identified, fixed where possible and then a final full transfer was performed.

# What were the biggest challenges?

- The data transfer took two days longer than expected due to the amount of data.
- Despite significant preparation, there was still some missing data when the transfer was complete.
- Referrals were a big part of the problem.
- Most meds needed to be re-prescribed.
- Printers

# How long did you keep an instance of your outgoing EMR?

- Single user for six months.
- This included billing reconciliations.

# Lessons Learned

- Recognize that changing EMRs is a significant change; be prepared to allocate the time needed.
- Hire an IT contractor rather than someone in the clinic allocating time to it.
  - There is a lot of work around printers and internet.
- Apply for BA numbers in a timely manner it's part of project plan but in tiny print don't rely on project manager.
- Insist on ongoing tracking post go-live from very beginning.
- Don't assume that issues will be tracked, or project plan is complete.
- Budget lots of time up front for data conversation meetings and review process.
- Invest in training; all clinic staff and physicians invested significant time in training, this helped tremendously in mitigation issues as they arose.
- Be prepared for 20+ hours per person so ensure you understand charting but also things like panel management, analytics, CII/CPAR, virtual care, patient communications and forms.

- Be aware that there will be things you miss from old EMR; often these can't be identified in advance (e.g., unstructured data).
- Negotiate for onsite training and post go-live support.
- Don't stop learning after your training is complete allocate ongoing time to learn the ins and outs of the EMR and share tips with other users in the clinic.